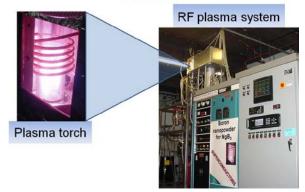
BORON NANOPOWDER

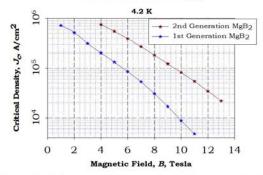
Boron Nanopowder for Conversion to Magnesium Diboride and use as a Superconducting Material

Specialty Materials, Inc. has developed a plasma synthesis process for the production of nano-sized boron powder. Boron trichloride (BCl₃) and hydrogen are directly injected into an RF plasma to produce boron nanopowder. The gas phase synthesis and *in situ* doping result in controlled purity boron powder. Magnesium diboride (MgB₂) superconducting powder-in-tube wire made with Specialty Materials doped boron nanopowder has shown enhanced superconducting properties. The plasma synthesis process is currently in scale-up. Sample quantities of undoped and carbon-doped boron nanopowder are now being made available.

SMI's pilot plasma synthesis system



2nd Generation MgB₂ – breakthrough in wire technology



 2^{nd} generation MgB $_2$ superconducting wire made with SMI boron powder displays that highest critical current densities, J_c , thus far reported

Plasma synthesized boron powder



Carbon-doped

boron powder

made at 20%

lower plasma

power

Selected area (SAD)

C-doped born powder, thigher plasma power of the plasma power of t

Transmission electron (TEM) micrographs





C-doped boron powder, 20% lower plasma power

The plasma process for boron powder results in nano-sized particles with a mixture of amorphous and crystalline phases. Lower plasma power results in smaller particles and a higher fraction of amorphous phase

Figures clockwise from the upper left show a diagram of the boron powder plasma synthesis pilot system, the critical current performance of a superconducting MgB₂ wire made from carbondoped SMI boron powder, a TEM micrograph of SMI boron powder, and a histogram of particle sizes.

Pricing is available on our website at www.specmaterials.com.

SPECIALTY MATERIALS, INC.

1449 Middlesex Street Lowell, Massachusetts 01851 Telephone: 978-322-1900 Fax: 978-322-1970 www.specmaterials.com